How to Select a Professional Cleaning Firm?

1) Do they have a good **REPUTATION**?

Roto-Static is considered by many, as the most reliable cleaning company in York Region. No company is more exclusively referred by high-end carpet dealers, interior designers and realtors in our area. We do whatever it takes to protect and maintain our shining reputation.

2) What kind of **EXPERIENCE** do they have?

Roto-Static has been caring for the finest floors and fabrics since 1977. Our network of over 140 franchises is experienced in all types of fibers and soiling conditions, no matter how unusual they may be. Complimentary to this, we are experienced with all methods of cleaning. Ensuring that you get the best results possible! Roto-Static is known for being able to solve cleaning problems that no one else can; we can assure you that whatever your situation is, we will be familiar with it.

3) What kind of **EDUCATION** do they have?

Sadly, the majority of companies in our industry do not invest money and time in education for their employees. Each year we spend thousands of dollars attending educational courses, training schools, and conventions. As well, because we are a franchise, we participate in new advancements and attend regular scheduled training sessions through Roto-Static's National head office. With this in mind, we are on the cutting edge of cleaning technology and training methods. Helping us to constantly increase our ability to service you!

4) Do they have good **SYSTEMS**?

The equipment that a cleaning firm uses is incredibly important. Roto-Static uses only the highest quality, most advanced, state of the art equipment on the market today. The systems we use will get maximum soil and maximum spot removal without over wetting your floor or fabric and without leaving a sticky residue behind. Whether it be with our "Static Attraction" method or "hot water extraction" you will have the best cleaning experience possible.

5) What kind of **GUARANTEE** do they have?

Our **No Hassle Guarantee** ensures that if you are not completely satisfied with the service experience you received from our company, we will come back to your location within 5 working days, or when most convenient to you, at no charge and no obligation to make things right. If you are still unimpressed, we will refund your money for the areas in question.

Call our offices today and experience

"The Most Thorough Cleaning Experience Possible!"

How to Care For Your Carpets

When it comes to maintaining your carpet, the critical areas of focus are the high traffic areas. If ground-in soil is not removed on a regular basis, the high traffic areas will begin to wear excessively. The dirt is extremely abrasive against the fibers of your carpet as you walk back and forth on it. The second area of focus, of course, is spot removal. You must react to "danger" spots immediately. If not treated immediately, red wine, red beverages, urine, blood, etc. can cause permanent stains. Listed below are the proper steps that you must take to properly maintain your carpeting.

Vacuuming

Vacuuming your carpet often... once or twice a week at least. Vacuuming removes the sharp soil, not visible to the eye that can cut and slice the fiber, causing premature wear. The key is to vacuum before the carpet looks soiled. Removing and loose particles prior to vacuuming, such as loose food, leaves, pieces of crayon, bugs, etc., as these items can create spots on the carpet.

Professional Cleaning

As a general rule, professional cleaning (by a respected company) should take place every 6-18 months. For extremely heavy traffic areas, cleaning may be required more or less often depending on the type and amount of traffic. Proper professional cleaning will not leave a sticky residue behind, and can be done as many times per year as needed. Many stain resistant warranties require professional cleaning every two years. Professional cleaning removes the damaging soil from the high traffic areas that cannot be removed by vacuuming. Warning: Uninformed carpet cleaners may void your warranty by using improper cleaning procedures. Be very selective when choosing, which company to hire.

Spot Removal

Immediate spot removal is imperative to a clean carpet; great care must be taken in how spot cleaning is performed. When a carpet is new, or has sufficient protector on it, plain tap water will remove most spots, however, for those spots that will not remove easily with water, you must use a spot cleaner. Select a spot cleaner that is recommended by either the carpet retailer, or your trained professional cleaner. Most spot removers that are purchased over-the-counter leave too much soap residue and can cause yellowing. Avoid using foam carpet cleaners or any product that is not specially made for carpet.

Apply spot cleaner sparingly to a white terry cloth, and gently massage spot, causing it to transfer onto the cloth. Never pour cleaner directly onto the carpet. If the product that you are using seems to cause the spot to re-soil after a few weeks, discontinue its use. Any spot that you are not able to remove, and for pet urine or feces, call your professional cleaner immediately.

Protective Coatings

Most residential carpets are treated with stain resistant properties, and soil resistors such as Dupont Teflon or 3m Scotch-guard. After a period of 6 months to two years, some of the soil resistor wears off. At that point, you should consider having the treatment reapplied after a professional cleaning. The soil resister will help the soil slide off the carpet easier when vacuuming, spots will be easier to remove, and professional cleaning will be more effective. When it comes to professional cleaning we recommend **Roto-Static** carpet cleaning!

Five Reasons You Should Always Get Carpet Protector

Reduces Permanent Stains

An ugly spot can ruin a great looking carpet. Unprotected carpet does not repel spillage as well as protected carpet. By having more time to remove spots and spills more effectively, you can help avoid permanent staining.

2. Helps save your high traffic areas from becoming destroyed

High traffic area soil is very abrasive and slices the carpet yarns like a knife, this damaging soil can easily bond to an unprotected carpet. By applying protector, you will increase the life of your carpet dramatically. When you vacuum your protected carpet, the soil will release from the carpet pile much more effectively.

3. Makes spots easier to remove

The easier a spot is to remove, the less agitation you will have to use while cleaning. The less agitation you have to use, the less time it will take. Many spots can be removed easily with just water.

4. Helps avoid costly service calls

Although you will want to call us to handle any spot you cannot remove immediately, carpet protector helps you remove more spots than you could without protector. You may be able to save a minimum charge by removing the spot yourself.

5. Makes your next professional cleaning more effective

Having protector applied to your carpet will enhance the results of your next cleaning. More soil will be removed the next time your carpeting is professionally cleaned.



(The above picture shows the difference between a Protected carpet and an Unprotected carpet)

"Whether your cleaning needs are BIG or small... Roto-Static can service them all!"

Keep your Upholstery Looking Cleaner Longer

With...

Professional Fabric Protector

After your fabric is cleaned, it will need to be protected. Fabric protector keeps your fabric cleaner, longer and helps avoid permanent staining. Don't leave your fabric unprotected. The protector will be sprayed evenly onto the fabric and groomed in. Your next cleaning will be more effective as the protector will encapsulate body oils and soils that accumulate on the fabric. When it is cleaned, more soil will be removed as a result of the treatment.

Choosing to apply fabric protection is the best possible way to protect your upholstered furniture and keep it looking new.

Treated Upholstery will:

- -Last Longer
- -Look Better Longer
- -Clean Easier

Upholstery protectant is a spray applied to all surfaces of the upholstered item. The application "wicks" into the fibers of the fabric creating a protective barrier against soil and stains.

Upholstery Protector:

- -Does not change the look of the fabric
- -Does not change the feel of the fabric
- -Has no smell and is easy on allergy sufferers

Not only does the fabric protection treatment create a barrier against spills and stains; it has been shown to provide a barrier against dirt and dust particles as well. It also helps protect against excess abrasion or premature fabric wear.

Carpet Protector

Carpet protector should always be applied to your carpet. Unfortunately, there is probably as much confusion in the carpet cleaning industry about carpet protectors as there is about cleaning. Uneducated, uninformed and sometimes downright scrupulous carpet cleaners create a great deal of misconception when giving out false information or intentionally misrepresenting the product.

A Nylon Stain Resistant carpet has two protective properties. The first is an acid dye blocker, which is a clear dye that fills extra dye sites on a fiber. This helps to keep "foreign dyes" (such as red dye in a beverage) from penetrating the carpet fiber. The second property is called a "flourochemical" This treatment helps keep spillage from getting to the acid blocker, but its <u>biggest job is to resist dry soil</u>.

Making sure that you have a sufficient amount of protector on your carpet will help keep sand form penetrating deep into the fibers. Once the sand bonds to the carpet, its acts like sandpaper on your high traffic areas. Once the yarns in the high traffic areas are broken down, there is no way to bring them back to their original state. Prevention is the best course of action!

Two Primary Ways that Factory Protector is Removed From a Carpet:

1) Regular Foot Traffic

Over a period of 6 months to 2 years, depending on the type of usage and amount of traffic, a significant amount of protector can be removed from the high traffic areas and should be reapplied.

2) High Alkaline Cleaner

Uneducated, uninformed and sometimes downright scrupulous carpet cleaners use harsh chemicals on the carpet that will strip its protection. If one of these uninformed cleaners has been in your house, you may have to get your carpet re-protected.

Four Mistakes Other Cleaners Make in Applying Protector

1) Not using high quality protector

Discount protectors are not as effective and sometimes void the warranty of the carpet. Roto-Static uses only the highest quality, recommended protectors such as Dupont Teflon or 3m Scotch-quard.

2) Not using a designated container

Using the same container for carpet protector as other cleaners can contaminate the carpet protector making it grimy and ineffective. Our vans have a designated container reserved ONLY for carpet protector.

3) Not applying the product properly

Some cleaners either under apply or over apply the protector. Under applying it doesn't allow for complete penetration on the carpet yarns. Over applying causes the carpet to become overly stiff and crusty. **Roto-Static's** technicians are diligently trained and as such strive for perfection when it comes to applying carpet protector.

4) Not grooming the carpet

For the best performance, a protector should always be groomed into the carpet for maximum penetration. This ensures contact with all surfaces of the carpet yarn, proper distribution and drying. **Roto-Static** thoroughly grooms the protector into the carpet pile.

Our 9 Step Carpet Cleaning Process

Step 1- Pre Inspection

Every great carpet cleaning experience starts with a proper pre-inspection. Our service technician will inspect your particular areas of concern as well as noting carpet construction and soiling conditions. He will also advise you of any possible permanent staining.

Step 2- Commercial Pre-Vacuum

Your carpet will be thoroughly vacuumed with a commercial grade vacuum to remove dry soil. Removing dry soil is one of the most important steps to cleaning.

Step 3- Furniture Moving

Small pieces of furniture will be moved and protected with disposable plastic tabs or blocks. By doing this, we ensure that even carpet which is normally not visible... is clean. Also, by placing blocks or plastic tabs between the furniture and the carpet you can feel secure that your valuable pieces are not subject to moisture damage while the carpet is drying.

Step 4- Pre Spray Carpeting

Traffic areas and spots are pretreated for effective soil and spot removal.

Step 5- Soil Removal Process

Once the soil has been loosened, our Electro-Static cleaners are brought together with our special pads that have been soaked in our second cleaner. Through opposing electrical charges in both the carpet and the pad, the dirt is literally pulled out of your carpet through static electricity. The best part is that your carpet will be completely dry in 1-2 hours.

Step 6- Post Spot Treatment

If any spots are not removed during the cleaning process, specialty-spotting techniques are employed. Note: permanent stains identified by our technician, in most cases, cannot be removed.

Step 7- Dry Bonnet

Dry bonnets assist in faster drying and prevent wicking on some carpets. It also provides the technician the ability to verify a successful cleaning of the heavier traffic areas.

Step 8- Post Grooming

The carpet pile is set in one direction for faster drying and visual appeal

Step 9- Post Inspection

Following every job, the technician will walk you through the house to ensure your satisfaction.

Our job is to make your cleaning experience quick and easy!

After carpets are cleaned...

- Be careful walking from carpet to hard surfaces. Floors can be slippery
- 2) Keep pets and children off carpet until dry. Usually 1-2 hours.
- 3) Remove blocks or tabs from under furniture 24 hours after carpet is cleaned.

Our 9 Step Upholstery Cleaning Process

Don't let just anyone clean your sensitive fabrics! Roto-Static is experienced in cleaning the finest upholstered fabrics. The following steps will be taken in cleaning your upholstery...

Step 1-Fabric Inspection

A visual inspection of the fabric and construction is done to determine the best cleaning process for the material you have.

Step 2-Dye Testing

A small amount of upholstery cleaner is applied to an inconspicuous area of the fabric and a towel pressed to the fabric. This tests the stability of the dye.

Step 3-Dry Soil Removal

In cleaning any textile, the first step is always to remove as much dry soil as possible. This improves the following cleaning steps greatly.

Step 4-Soil Suspension

A preconditioning agent is used on most fabrics to "suspend" soil for more effective extraction.

Step 5-Soil Removal (Extraction)

A water rinse is used to whisk away the suspended soils.

Step 6-Post Spot Treatment

If any spots are not removed during the cleaning process, specialty-spotting techniques are employed. Note: permanent stains identified by our service technician may not be removed.

For longer fabric life and fewer permanent stains, have fabric protector applied!

Step 7-Pile Setting/Grooming

Many textiles have a "pile" that needs to be set after cleaning. A special upholstery brush is used to groom the pile for proper drying.

Step 8-Drying

Due to high water recovery of our upholstery machines, drying times vary from 2-6 hours. Ceiling fans / Area fans / Air conditioning further help to reduce drying times

Step 9-Post Inspection

Our technician will review the cleaning results with you to ensure that your expectations have been met or exceeded.

How to Care for Your Wood Floors

The cleaning and maintenance tips provided on this page apply to wood floors sealed and finished with a clear protective coating such a polyurethane or factory pre-finished UV coatings.

General Cleaning of wood floors is recommended once every 1-2 weeks. Floors subject to heavy traffic should be cleaned on a more frequent basis. For easy, safe maintenance of your wood floor, we recommend a Hardwood Floor Cleaning Kit, which contains a specially designed mop, a gallon of hardwood floor cleaner, and a washable terry cloth mop cover.

Follow These Instructions...

1) Vacuum or Sweep

Always vacuum or sweep to remove dirt and any grit prior to cleaning your wood floors.

2) Spray

Lightly mist a 6' x 6' area of your wood floor, or directly mist the mop terry cloth cover.

3) Wipe

Using a back and forth motion, clean the floor surface with your mop or clean terry cloth. Finish one area before moving onto the next. The mop's low profile and easy-to-maneuver swivel head makes it the perfect cleaning tool for the hard-to-reach areas such as under furniture and cabinets, around doors, or in tight corners. When the terry cloth cover becomes soiled, replace it with a clean one. Continued use of excessively soiled covers may cause streaking. Most of the terry cloths in today's market are reusable; simply wash and dry them as you would any towel. When a spill occurs, soak up the bulk of the liquid promptly. Mist the affected area with the hardwood floor cleaner, and clean with your mop or a clean, soft cloth.

Keep your Floor Clean! What ruins the surface of wood floors and any other flooring material is the grit that people track in under their feet. *No Grit, No Damage!*

- -Blot up spills immediately
- -Use an untreated mop to dust mop floors
- -Whenever possible, use doormats and walk-off mats. This will keep dirt and grit off the floor.

Do Not Use the Following on Your Wood Floors

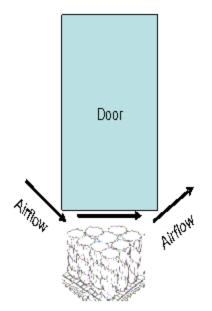
- -Powder Cleansers or soft cream cleansers (i.e. Soft Scrub)
- -Mold Removers (Tilex, X14 etc.) or disinfectants (Lysol)
- -Furniture Polish (Pledge, Endust)

Have you asked your Roto-Static Service provider about *Friendship Favours?*Ask, and see how this referral reward program can save you money!

Special Reports on Filtration Soiling, Urine Soiling and Sisal Carpets

Filtration Soiling (Those ugly black lines around the baseboards and under doorways)

Filtration soil is a term used to describe dark, grayish lines that may appear on carpet. This is not a carpet defect, but a situation in which dust and other airborne pollutants can accumulate on the carpet face fibers in areas with a concentrated flow of air over the carpet or through tiny cracks or other open areas under the carpet. The soiling condition can occur quickly, or it may develop over a period of months or years. The level of soiling is dependent upon the volume of airflow and the level of pollutants in the air. Filtration soiling is not a result of the quality of carpet selected. The condition will obviously appear more pronounced on lighter colours than darker colours.



Filtration soil areas may appear around baseboards, under doors, along the edges of stairs and possibly <u>away</u> from walls where plywood subflooring materials have been joined. Generally, the concentrated airflow will be from an upper level to a lower level of the home.

As indicated, filtration soiling can occur under closed interior doors where a central heating, ventilation, and air-condition (HVAC) system is utilized. When possible, open Interior doors to reduce filtration soiling that may develop under closed doors while the HVAC system is in operation.

Filtration soil may be fireplace or automobile emissions, residue from furniture polishes, fine sand or clay particles, cooking oils or a host of other soils or a combination of soils. Oily airborne contaminants trapped by carpet fibers will serve to attract more dry soil.

Wall

Subfloor

Airflow

It is difficult to identify effective methods to reduce or prevent filtration soiling. Preventing

airflow through carpet and carpet edges by sealing cracks in the sub-floor, as well as under baseboards and edges of stairs, may reduce filtration soiling problems. Keeping air inside the home as clean as possible can be accomplished by reducing indoor air pollutants, such as cooking emissions, fireplace smoke, burning candles, cigarette smoke, and emissions from cleaning chemicals; and by the installation and regular replacement of high efficiency HVAC air filters.

While no one cleaning technique may be successful in all filtration-soiling situations, recent innovations in soil- and stain-resist treatments applied to carpet have reduced the effort previously needed to remove the filtration soil. However, the complete removal of contaminants from the soiled areas can be complicated, depending on the type of contaminant materials present. To achieve the best results, the services of a cleaning professional should be considered.

Filtration soiling can be especially difficult to remove, since the soil particles are primarily fine particles that are allowed to build-up on carpet pile fibers over time. These soils can be a combination of water soluble and solvent soluble solids. Additionally, oily soil such as auto emissions, greasy kitchen soils, and other oily airborne soils can be quite difficult to remove even under normal soiling conditions. The type of soil that causes filtration soiling will vary over time (and by location) and complete removal may require a variety of

aggressive removal approaches. At times, it may be much less difficult to re-stretch the carpet and trim away the soiled areas rather than attempting to remove the soiling. In most filtration soiling situations, a carpet-cleaning professional should be consulted for more effective removal.

To help prevent filtration vacuum the edges of the carpeting on a regular basis, then wipe with a damp, white terry cloth towel. Be careful around the tack strip under the edge of the carpeting, you could nick your fingers!

Urine Soiling

Please note that when cleaning urine spots, <u>there is a difference between cleaning the urine</u> <u>soiling and treating for odor</u>. Cleaning existing urine spots MAY NOT remove any associated odor. In fact, could INCREASE the odor in the air space for a temporary period of time.

Pet urine can cause permanent damage to your floors and fabrics, it can also create an unhealthy indoor environment. When urine is first deposited onto a floor or fabric, it is in an almost "neutral" state, which means that it is easier to remove when it is fresh. Once it dries, it turns "alkaline" and becomes more difficult to remove. If left for days or weeks, depending on the fabric or floor type, it will permanently change the dye structure, therefore causing permanent staining. Even if the soluble deposits are removed, the damage to the dye structure may already be done. This means that no one can guarantee complete removal of all urine spots. Please consult with your technician if you have questionable urine spots on your carpet.

To prevent premature staining in the future, clean urine spots immediately by blotting with a white terry cloth towel or plain white paper towels until no moisture is transferred. To clean the spot, either get our special **Roto-Static** spot remover, or mix 1 part white vinegar to 2 parts water and massage (don't rub) into the spot with a white terry cloth. Once you have "flushed" as much of the urine as possible, blot with dry cloths until dry to the touch.

Do not use over the counter, General Spotters or Extraction Detergent

Sisal Carpeting

Jute, Sisal, Sea Grass, COIR, and Hemp are all names associated with floor coverings made from raw plant material. Ranging from mats to wall-to-wall, some with backing, some without, this type of material is in a very raw state. Therefore, understanding how they react to every day soiling and how they respond to cleaning is very helpful.

One of the unique characteristics of this type of floor covering material is the tendency to develop mysterious dark spots when cleaned, regardless of method used. Generally bringing "worn" Sisal back to its original state is a lost cause. Also, Sisal stains very easily. One of the best things to do is to have it protected with a solvent based-fabric protector to resist against water spots that result from any type of spillage. In addition to developing dark spots, Sisal may also "lighten" when cleaned. The bottom line is these products are not very spillage, traffic, or cleaning friendly. However, you can't beat the look!

If you do have this type of floor covering, place it in non-traffic, non-spillage areas to prevent over use. The best way to keep Sisal looking its best is to keep traffic to a minimum and do a thorough vacuuming at least twice a week.

Spot and Stain Removal Guide

The chart on the following page identifies stain removal procedures for some of the most common household spills.

Warning:

These stain removal procedures have been carefully developed for use on carpets manufactured with Nylon Carpet Fibers, and may not be appropriate for use on any other carpet fibers.

USE ONLY THE PROCEDURES AS SPECIFIED IN THIS GUIDE

Do not use these procedures subsequent to or in combination with other cleaning procedures.

THE USE OF NON APPROVED CLEANING MATERIAL OR PROCEDURES WILL DAMAGE YOUR CARPET AND COULD INVALIDATE YOUR MANUFACTURES WARRANTY. Call Roto-Static for assistance.

General Instructions

Time and patience are important keys to stain removal. If a spill occurs, immediately try to remove it by blotting with a slightly damp sponge or dry paper towel, followed by repetitive cold water sprays and further blotting with a paper towel. If this procedure fails to remove the stain, follow the procedures outlined on the following page.

In the event of a spill, take time to carefully read the following procedures and follow them thoroughly. Where two procedures are listed (example A-M) start with the first procedure and then use the second procedure (**only if needed**). Repeat procedures as long as there is improvement.

"At Roto-Static, we don't cut corners...We clean them!"



Common Stain Removal Guide

Use the following table to match your spot with its corresponding recommended removal method. Begin with the first method and continue until the spot is removed.

Stain	Removal Steps	Stain	Removal Steps
Berries	1	Lipstick	9,1
Blood	6	Mustard	6
Candle Wax	7,1	Nail Polish	5
Catsup	6	Paint-Latex	2
Chewing Gum	4,1	Paint-Oil	1
Coffee	6	Tar	1
Dirt or Clay	8,2	Urine	3,6
Excrement	2	Vomit	2,6
Fruit Juice/Drinks	6	Wine	2,6
Grease	1	Unknown	1,2
Ink	1,6		

Removal Methods

- 1. Blot on dry cleaning fluid, using dry towel/cloth. Dry with weighted pad of towels.
- 2. Scrape or blot up excess spill. Blot on Carpet Stain Remover with damp towel Dry with weighted pad of towels.
- 3. Scrape or blot up excess spill. Apply Carpet Stain Remover with damp towel. Apply ammonia (shown below) and then water with damp towel. Dry with weighted pad of towels. Apply undiluted white vinegar only after stain is removed.
- 4. Scrape or blot up excess spill. Freeze with ice cubes. Shatter with blunt object. Vacuum fragments while still frozen.
- 5. Apply nail polish remover (non-oily acetone type) with cotton towel, taking care not to wet through to carpet backing. Use clean white paper towel to pick up softened material. Carefully repeat procedure, softening and removing one layer each time.
- 6. Blot on Carpet Stain Remover with damp towel and leave for 3-5 minutes. If stain is not removed, moisten with 3% hydrogen peroxide and leave for 2 to 3 hours under a weighted sheet of plastic wrap. Repeat procedure until stain is removed. Rinse with water. Dry with weighted pad of paper towels. Apply undiluted white vinegar only after stain is removed.
- 7. Scrape off excess material. Cover with white cotton towel or brown paper. Apply warm iron until material is absorbed. Change towel or rotate to clean the area and repeat until all material is absorbed. Never touch iron to carpet.
- 8. Vacuum away as much as possible. Loosen remaining material by tapping with a scrub brush or toothbrush. Vacuum again. Follow with Method 2.
- 9. Scrape off excess material. Lightly rub area with a fresh slice of white bread. Vacuum Crumbs and Complete removal with Method 1.

Cleaning Solutions

Dry Cleaning Fluid - Liquid, non-oily, non-caustic type made for garment spot removal. Caution, may be flammable.

Ammonia - Undiluted, unscented, clear household variety. Mix one tablespoon with 1/2 cup water.

Carpet Cleaning in the Winter?

During the winter months many find themselves escaping the cold by retreating to their indoor environments. With that said, most people are of the understanding that they cannot have their carpets cleaned in the winter. Regarding those who employ strictly steam cleaning methods, this may be the case. With sub-zero temperatures, hoses running out open doors and high indoor moisture/humidity levels...who would want to have their carpets cleaned in the winter? We certainly wouldn't!

However Roto-Static has a cure for your carpets and upholstery, even during the winter months! We are not saying that hot water extraction, or steam cleaning, is no good. But, during the winter months it just isn't practical. With our low moisture "Static Attraction" process we are able to avoid all the common problems associated with winter cleaning, while still **Guaranteeing your**Satisfaction! Now you can have the peace of mind that your indoor environment is clean, even during the dirtiest time of the year!

Having trouble finding a cleaner to come on the weekend?

At Roto-Static we understand that many people work during the week and as such simply just can't be home during that time. Unfortunately, most cleaning companies do not provide service outside their usual business hours. We cannot accept this! We understand the demands put on your daily lives and feel it responsible to accommodate your cleaning needs whether it is after hours or on the weekend. Just give us a call and schedule an appointment time that works for you!

Call Roto-Static for All your Cleaning Needs!

